



# ETP4HPC webinar #1 Discover the Transcontinuum Initiative

### Agenda

11:00	Housekeeping	
11:05	Introducing the ETP4HPC webinars	Jean-Pierre Panziera
11:15	Meet our new members: University of Padova	Carlo Janna
11:20	Meet our new members: M3E	Nicolo Spiezia
11:25	Meet our new members: DLR	Thomas Gerhold
11:30	Introduction to the Transcontinuum initiative	Michael Malms François Bodin Zoltán Horváth
12:00	End	







### **Jean-Pierre Panziera**

**ETP4HPC Chairman** 

### **ETP4HPC** webinar series

- Two main takeaways from our February survey: ETP4HPC members want
  - more information
  - more networking opportunities
- This drove us to initiate regular webinars, covering different topics, such as:
  - Our new members
  - Technical topic (SRA-related)
  - Meet European projects
  - Meet our SME members
  - Use cases
- Give your feedback to webinar@etp4hpc.eu
  - what topics would you like us to cover in future webinars
  - how often should we have webinars...
- These webinars are open to non-members, invite your friends!



### **Next ETP4HPC webinar**

- 3rd July 11am to noon
- Registration open on our website (in the Events section)
- Agenda
  - Welcome to Agenium Scale (France), Do IT Systems (Italy) and European Open File System association (EOFS)
  - Meet the 4 SMEs that should have exhibited on our booth at ISC: Bright Computing, Constelcom, NAG, Submer
  - 5 questions to projects DEEP-EST and Mont-Blanc 2020



### ETP4HPC membership is growing

- We currently have 98 members
  - 39 research organisations
  - 36 SMEs
  - 14 global corporations
  - 6 European corporations
  - 2 associations
  - 1 individual

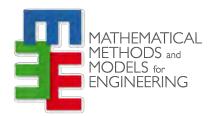




### **Welcome to our new members**

- Università degli Studi di Padova (University of Padova)
  - Full member, Research Organisation
- M3E (Mathematical Methods and Models for Engineering)
  - Full member, SME
- DLR, the German Aerospace Center (Deutsches Zentrum f
  ür Luft- und Raumfahrt)
  - Full member, Research Organisation













### **New members**



### **University of Padova**

Some numbers





- Founded in 1222 a.d., is the second oldest University in Italy and one of the oldest in the world;
- One of the largest University in Italy with more than 2,000 Faculty members;
- With an annual revenue of more than 600 millions of €, it is one of the largest "industries" of Padova;
- Carries out active research in several fields from human sciences to medicine, biology, pure and applied mathematics, physics, and all the fields of engineering;
- Has a strong link with industry with more than 100 spin-offs founded in the last decade.

Contact Info: Prof. Carlo Janna, Dept. ICEA, University of Padova, carlo.janna@unipd.it



### **University of Padova**

Our research on HPC



- Research group in Numerical Analysis consisting of 6 faculty members and around 10 PhDs and postdocs;
- Main reseach topics:
  - Algorithms and Software for the discretization of PDEs;
  - Algorithms and Software for Large and Sparse Linear Algebra;
  - Modeling of Complex Environmental Systems at local and regional scale;
- Main sectors:
  - Oil & Gas industry;
  - Subsurface Hydrology;
  - Structural Mechanics;

Contact Info: Prof. Carlo Janna, Dept. ICEA, University of Padova, carlo.janna@unipd.it

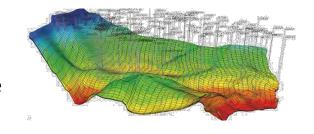
### **University of Padova**

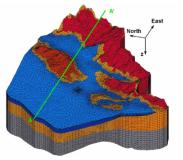
**Recent Activity** 



Strong and effective synergy with the spin-off M3E;

- R&D of Linear Solvers for Geomechanical and Reservoir simulation targeted for the eni HPC5 system;
- R&D of High Perfomance tools for regional scale modeling of the evolution of sedimentary basins;





- Modeling of hydrocarbon reservoir and groundwater management also in developing countries;
  - R&D of Discretization Tools and Scalable Solvers for coupled subsurface simulations in massively parallel systems (cooperation with Stanford University and Lawrence Livermore National Lab);

#### Who we are

#### Our secret sauce





M3E develops algorithms and scientific software

for the simulation and prediction in several engineering sectors.



Our customer-tailored products efficiently solve:

- > Algebraic and differential equations
- ➤ Numerical algebra problems (linear system and eigenproblems)
- > Optimization and calibration problems



These problems arise in every **engineering field** such as: oil & gas, mechanical engineering, pipeline network, biomechanics, environmental engineering...



We don't simply develop algorithms and scientific software, but we make it the **fastest possible**, leveraging on **HPC platforms**.





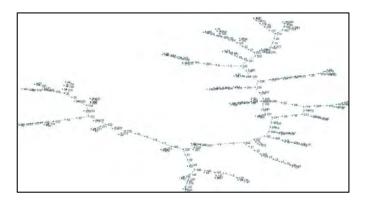


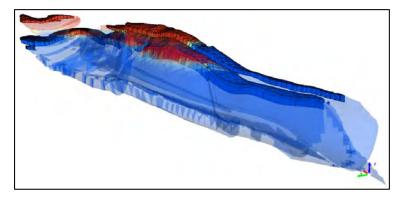


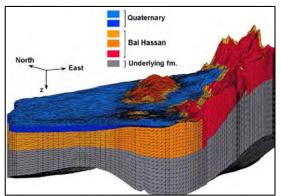
#### What we do

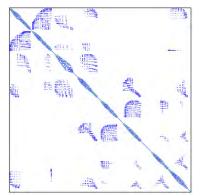
#### Some of our projects











Geomechanical simulation, groundawater hydrology models, network of pipeline,...

We are able to solve problem with hundreds of millions of unknowns









#### How we do

#### Our services and products



Customer type	Customer need	M3E solution
Engineering Company	The Customer has a deep knowledge on the engineering problem, but commercial code don't exist or aren't reliable for solving it.	M3E collaborates with the Customer and implements a scientific software (a very fast software!) to solve the problem.
Engineering Company or Software Company	The Customer has a property developed code/software, which gives satisfactory results, but it is unsatisfied about the computational performance.	M3E makes the code very efficient using its property computational library product (Chronos) and make it ready for multicore CPU-GPU supercomputing architecture.









**Thomas Gerhold** 

Head of Department High Performance Computing
Institute of Software Methods for Product Virtualization (Dresden)

Main contact for ETP4HPC



Knowledge for Tomorrow



- Research Institution
- Space Agency
- Project Managment Agency

50 Institutes

27 Locations

& Offices: Brussels, Paris, Tokyo, Washington D.C.

> 9000 Employees







#### Research Areas



- Aeronautics
- Space Research and Technology
- Transport
- Energy
- Security

for more details see www,dlr.de



#### **German Aerospace Center**

Institutes involved in HPC activities

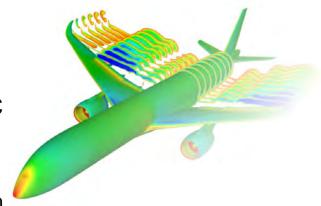
related to research, development and usage of HPC applications, i.e. DLR CFD solvers: Tau, Theta, TRACE and CODA (coupled with other disciplines)

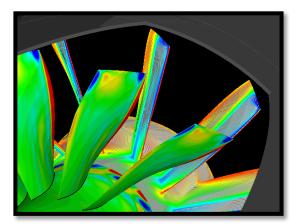


- Institute of Aerodynamics and Flow Technology
- Institute of Aeroelasticity
- Institute of Propulsion Technology
- Institute of Combustion Technology
- Institut for Software Technologie

... and a few other Institutes with smaller HPC activities

... and others involved in HPDA activities





for more details see www,dlr.de









## TransContinuum Initiative a short introduction

Michael Malms Francois Bodin Zoltan Horvarth









### Agenda:

- What triggered the TransContinuum Initiative?
- "TransContinuum" horizontal collaboration scope & objectives
- Applied methodologies
- What are the next actions?

### Let us start here...

#### The role of traditional HPC:

**High-performance computing (HPC)** is the use of supercomputers and parallel processing techniques for solving complex computational problems.

**High-performance computing** is typically used for solving advanced problems and performing research activities through computer modeling, simulation and analysis.

**Supercomputers** are used for a wide range of computationally intensive tasks in various fields, including weather and climate research, oil and gas exploration, molecular modeling, the simulation of aerodynamics of aircrafts, nuclear fusion, etc...



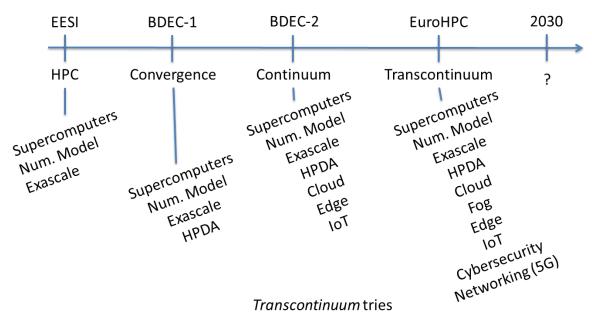
### The "digital continuum paradigm"



Size	Nano	Micro	Milli	Server	Fog	Campus	Facility
Example	Adafruit Trinket	Particle.io Boron	Array of Things	Linux Box	Co-located Blades	1000-node cluster	Datacenter & Exascale
Memory	0.5 KB	256 KB	8 GB	32 GB	256 GB	32 TB	16 PB
Network	BLE	WiFi/LTE	WiFi/LTE	1 GigE	10 GigE	40 GigE	N*100 GigE
Cost	\$5	\$30	\$600	\$3K	\$50K	\$2M	\$1000M
Count = 10 <sup>9</sup> Size = 10 <sup>1</sup>							Count = 10 Size = 10

Figure 12: The Digital Continuum paradigm seen from a count-complexity perspective<sup>42</sup>

### Transcontinuum: the origin



- 1) to capture the idea that infrastructures element cannot be used independently...
- by providing a coherent and effective view of the cyberinfrastructure for end-to-end applications



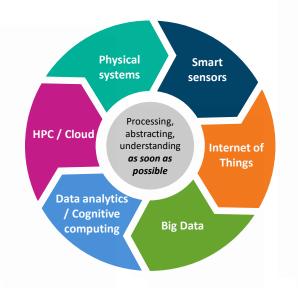
### Transcontinuum challenges

- Complex application workflows
  - Multi-tenant, multi-owner, heterogeneous, distributed, programming, orchestration, etc.
- Data logistics
  - Data life cycle, storage, network, privacy, access control, metadata, etc.
- Resources allocations / orchestrations
  - Provisioning, billing, urgent computing, re-configurability, etc.
- Cybersecurity
  - Transversal authentication, monitoring, resilience, trusted communications, etc.
- Al everywhere
  - At the edge: data locality, bandwidth efficiency, privacy, etc.
  - Al for science, cyberinfrastructure for Al, Al for cyberinfrastructure
- Sustainability
  - Energy efficiency, resource saving, data reduction, algorithm efficiency, etc.
- Training





#### HPC in the loop\*



Enabling Intelligent data processing at the edge:

- Fog computing
- Edge computing
- Stream analytics

Transforming data into information as soon as possible

Collaboration between edge devices and the HPC/cloud ensuring:

- Data security and Privacy
- Lower bandwidth
- Better use of HPC/Cloud
- → creating a continuous flow



See pages 15-20 of SRA - 4



\* Courtesy of: HIPEAC

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#### A large-scale collaborative effort: Transcontinuum Extreme-Scale Infrastructures

Recent hardware and software advances have motivated the development of a transcontinuum digital infrastructures concept to account for the convergence of data and compute capabilities. This concept is not in a straight line from the past efforts and a paradigm change is needed: we will have to design systems encompassing hundreds of billions of cores distributed over scientific instruments, IoT, supercomputers and Cloud systems through LAN, WLAN and 5G networks.

Pushed by massive deployments of compute and storage capabilities at the *Edge*, we require new system design to accommodate the ecosystem change to be expected in the coming decades (environmental and technological) and horizontally integrate the different actors. The new demands and challenges that combine data and compute, distributed across the continuum, and the maintenance and resource efficiencies, are pushing for drastically increased software and hardware *sustainability*. Furthermore, the need to provide high-level *cybersecurity* is profoundly chan-

ging the game. Efficiency and resilience will have to reach levels never achieved so far, while taking into account the intrinsic distributed and heterogeneous nature of the continuum. In addition, the question of dealing with such high volumes of data needs to be faced, and quality versus quantity will become unavoidable. These considerations will spread over all components. Long-lifetime hardware devices will have to be reconfigurable, modular, and self-aware in order to be operational over extended periods. Algorithm efficiency will need to be drastically pushed up (e.g. more efficient AI). Management and deployment of large-scale application workflows will have to be adapted or invented. Network protocols will have to offer better control over the data logistics, etc.

Furthermore, it is widely recognised that AI will play a central role in these extreme-scale, continuum infrastructures. This will occur at three levels:

- Al for Digital Infrastructure,
- Digital Infrastructure for AI, and
- AI for Science, Industry and Societal Challenges.

The first addresses how AI can pilot and monitor the continuum and in so doing provide solutions to the points listed in the previous paragraph. The second treats the question of re-designing the e-infrastructure to efficiently deal with data analysis and machine learning, which means tuning of data access, I/O, and low precision arithmetic. The last deals with the ever-increasing needs to exploit AI techniques for extreme-scale, combining Data and Compute through the interpretation and coupling of computing results, measurements and observations (e.g. Digital Twins in extreme earth modelling, combining climate models with satellite data and on-ground sensors).

The overall objective is to target high TRL solutions (7 and more), based on horizontal synergies between all the concerned digital infrastructure technologies: HPC, Big Data, Machine Learning, IoT, 5G, cybersecurity, processor technology (EPI) and robotics. All of these components of the digital infrastructure will *together* be able to address the critical societal challenges and sustainable development goals by mobilising their amazing potential all the way across the continuum.

















EUROPEAN SERVICE NETWORK OF MATHEMATICS FOR INDUSTRY AND INNOVATION

#### **Transcontinuum - Collaboration**

- Strengthen R&I in Europe to support Digital Continuum infrastructure
- Define set of research focus areas/topics requiring interdisciplinary actions
- Horizontal collaboration between 7 European Associations/Networks of scientists



### Recap: how to derive R&I priorities for the TransContinuum?

The Digital Continuum – an abstract view

(technical characteristics and major challenges



see "Transcontinuum" text as a first proposal, SRA-4\*, page 97



#### Small set of use cases

(use cases in line with important societal challenges in Europe, ambitious, solutions with significant impact

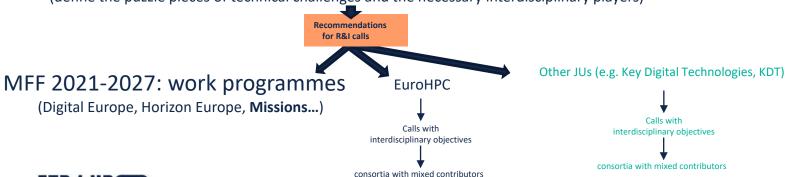


see "Extremes prediction in the Digital Continuum" – use case as one potential candidate, SRA-4\*, pages 20ff



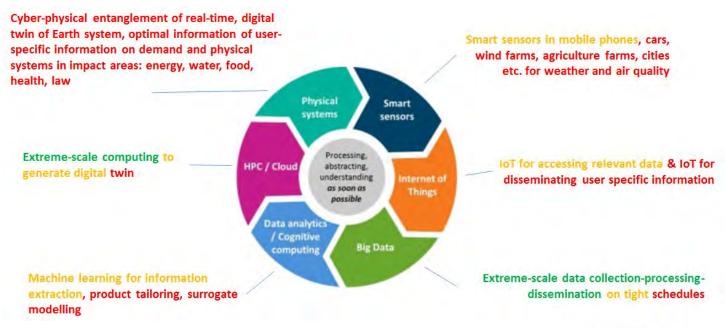
#### Translate into use case specific technical challenges

(define the puzzle pieces of technical challenges and the necessary interdisciplinary players)





### Mapping "Extremes' prediction in the Digital Continuum" to the loop







### Recommendations for EuroHPC work programme 2021-23



- Application pillar proposal for calls
  - Aligned with technology pillar



Energy efficiency and performance – from system to application

HPC in Transcontinuum – use of Digital Twins

Technologies

- EPI eco-system support
- Integration of emerging technologies in future HPC systems
- Federation of HPC centres
- A 2021 call on CSAs in support of the HPC eco system

HPC use & skills

Leadership in HPC use and skills

#### In more detail\*:



\*https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1UOzNMynlX11BEQna0KQ5FaoZfzY8PDxE



#### Overview of EU-MATHS-IN and MSODE



#### **European Service Network of Mathematics for Industry and Innovations**

- Dutch foundation since 2013, started after Forward Look report of ESF (European Science Foundation)
- Network of national industrial mathematics networks
  - 21 countries
  - 200 maths-lead interdisciplinary research groups
  - 2000 maths researchers
  - 100 new contracted, high TRL R&I projects per annum
  - Industrial Core Team: Siemens, Michelin, Shell, Bosch, Atos, Dassault, Nors, EcoMT
- Main goals:
  - One-stop-shop of MSODE services for industry in Europe

MSODE: Modelling, Simulation and Optimization in Data-rich Environment → model based Digital Twins

- Coordinate and maintain SRA for MSODE
  - Working Group (WG) leaders are prominents of EU top research centres and industries
  - WGs: Modelling, Model order reduction, Sim., Optim., Systems & Control, Inverse p., UQ, HPC, ML/Big Data



#### **Digital Twins**



A Digital Twin consistently integrates all data (test, operation data, ...), models (design drawings, engineering models, analyses, ...), and other information (requirements, orders, inspections, ...) of a physical asset generated along its life cycle to leverage business opportunities (real-time monitoring and diagnostics - virtual sensors, predictive maintenance, model based control, ...).

The role of the Digital Twin is to **predict** and optimize performance.

#### Digital performance twin ... boosts availability.





#### Model order reduction based on engineering models

speeding up simulation by a factor of 10 000x combining machine learning and simulation



#### Continuous calibration in the loop

of the digital twin combined with uncertainty quantification allowing secure operation at the limit

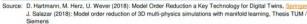


#### Immersed user experience

combining state of the art mixed reality technologies with online simulation and boosting efficiency



- Online capable simulation models without add. effort
- Higher availability by 20% reduction of stop times
- Save costs of up to 200k€/h



Dirk Hartmann, CT RDA SDT, Corporate Technology

Unrestricted © Siemens AG 2019 Page 24 07.05.2019

#### Digital twin use cases



1. Online Health- and Lifetime Monitoring of complex physical assets (bridges, motors, floating wind turbines, etc.)



2. Digital-Twin-based Controls (high energy- and resource-intensive process plants)





3. Digital Twin for the Urban Air Pollution



4. Digital Twin for SPICE (DT for integrated circuits design)

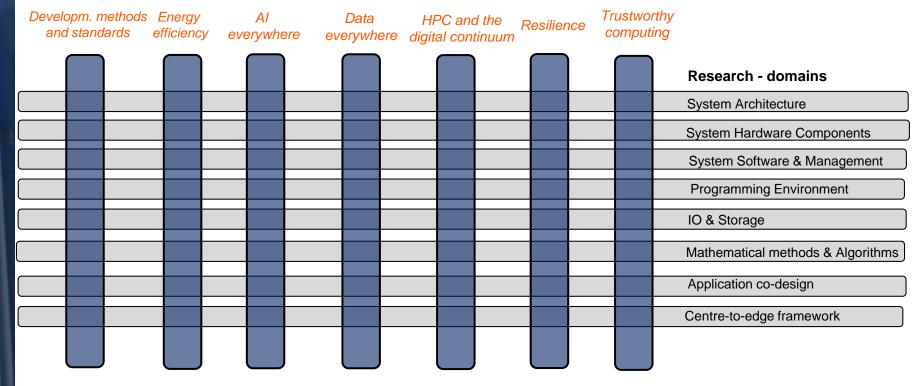






5. Digital Twins of **Gas Transport Systems** 

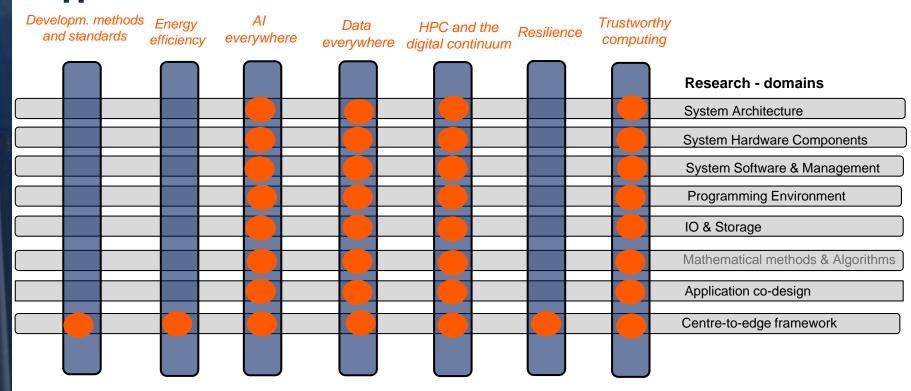
### Structure of technical chapters: "Research clusters" and "Research Domains"



See also SRA-4, page 35 ff



### Support for HPC in the Transcontinuum





### Scope and objectives of the TransContinuum Initiative ("TCI")

.....to be further elaborated in the "TCI-vision working group" (kick-off was 12.6.)

- Identify priorities and recommendation for European R&I workprogrammes
- Interlock with European R&I funding agencies and R&D programmes (e.g. JUs, Missions)
- Generate and foster interdisciplinary network to prepare for EU project proposals
- Contribute to SR(I)As, webinars, events of TCI-collaboration partners





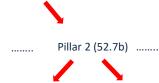
#### MFF 2021-2027(1279b)





Digital Europe (9.2b)

Horizon Europe (100b)





Clusters

Missions



EuroHPC(2.7b)



Areas of intervention

- · Space





https://ec.europa.eu/info/sites/info/files/communication

-european-strategy-data-19feb2020 en.pdf







### **Next actions**

- Generate TCI vision 2-pager signed by participating 7 associations/projects (WG1)
- Start reaching out to EC-missions, Destination Earth and KDT-JU
- Create framework for digital continuum use case analyses (WG2)
- A "reference architecture" for continuum workflows (WG3)
- Analyse Digital Twin (DT) scientific and industrial use cases







### THANKS!

Next webinar: 3rd July 10:30am

https://attendee.gotowebinar.com/register/7283696494138752783

You can find us at:

@etp4h office@etp4hpc.eu www.etp4hpc.eu